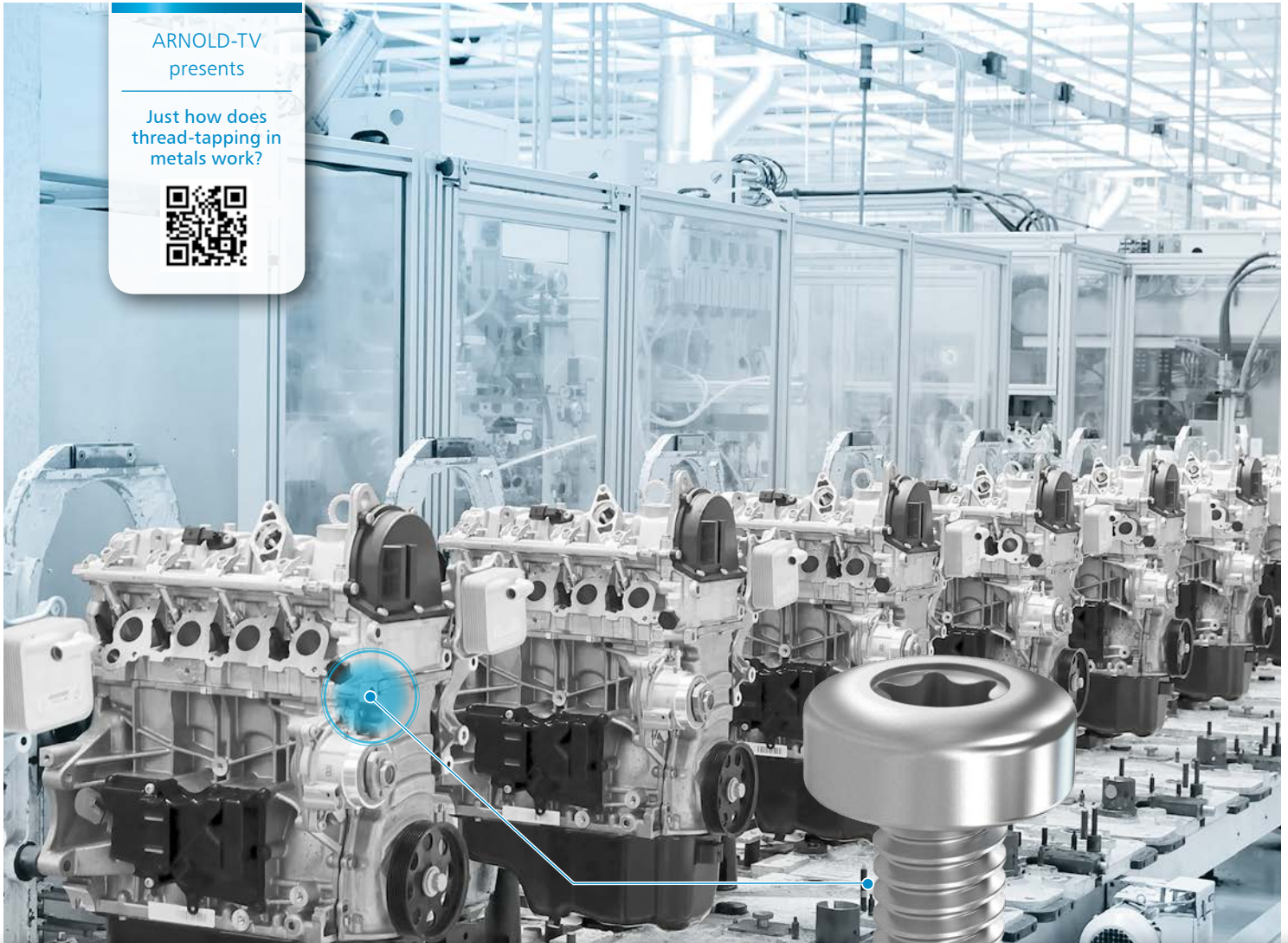


ARNOLD-TV  
presents

Just how does  
thread-tapping in  
metals work?



## TAPTITE 2000<sup>®</sup>

### Thread-rolling in metals

- + low tapping torque
  - + high pre-load forces
  - + high assembly reliability
  - + chipless thread-rolling
  - + total cost of fastening reduced by up to 85%
- [www.arnold-fastening.com](http://www.arnold-fastening.com)



# Faster production, better quality, lower costs

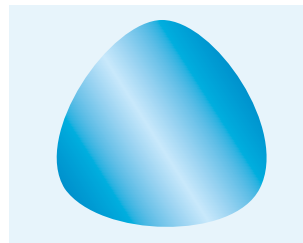
TAPTITE 2000® is a thread-tapping screw with outstanding mechanical, fastening and ergonomic characteristics that no other technology can aspire to. Compared with conventional screws, with TAPTITE 2000® you can reduce your overall fastening costs by up to 85%, partly because the cost of manufacture is drastically reduced: Many steps of the process can simply be omitted. The fastener is screwed straight into a cast or drilled core hole. Done!

## Technology in application

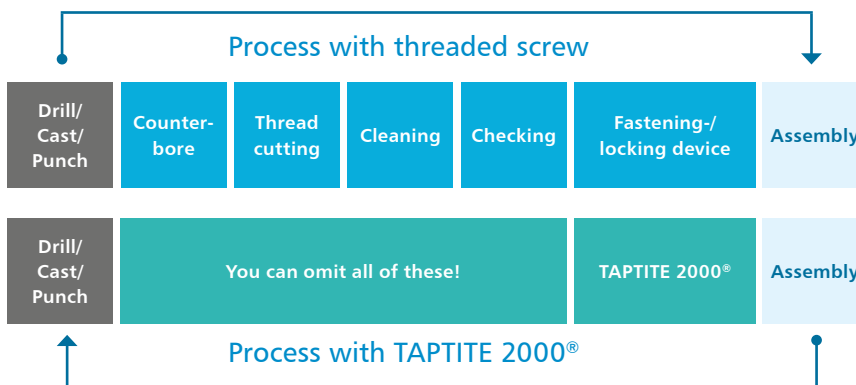
Using TAPTITE 2000® ensures that in metal-joining applications, you can eliminate work processes such as tapping and the use of additional fastening elements.



The trilobulare™ cross-section geometry of the shaft of the screw ensures that the thread is chiplessly formed, so that if a repair is needed it can accept a conventional threaded screw. It also provides significant quality advantages: low tapping torque, high vibration resistance and high pre-load forces.



## Fewer steps towards the goal

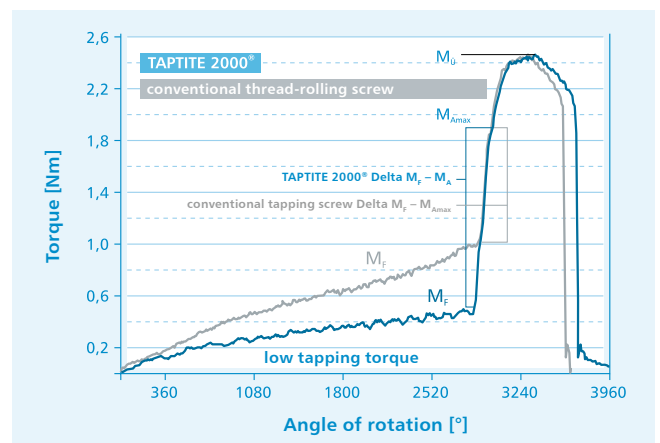


When you use TAPTITE 2000®, it's not just processing time – you also save money on tool and machine usage. For example the machining centre and the washing unit can be omitted for the screw locations, as would be necessary for threaded screws, and there's no need to purchase measuring instruments to check gauge sizes, and no additional locking elements are needed either.

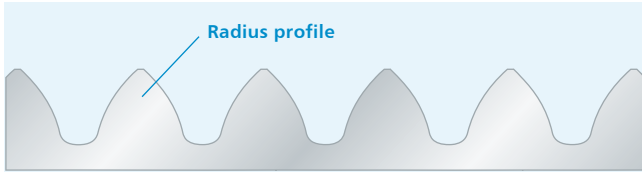
## Improved security at assembly

Due to the major difference between the low tapping torque ( $M_F$ ) of TAPTITE 2000® and the tightening torque ( $M_A$ ) (Delta  $M_A - M_F$ ) you can achieve improved assembly security and higher clamping force.

Delta  $M_F - M_A$  TAPTITE 2000® M3-10.9 and  
Delta  $M_F - M_A$  conventional M3-10.9 tapping screw



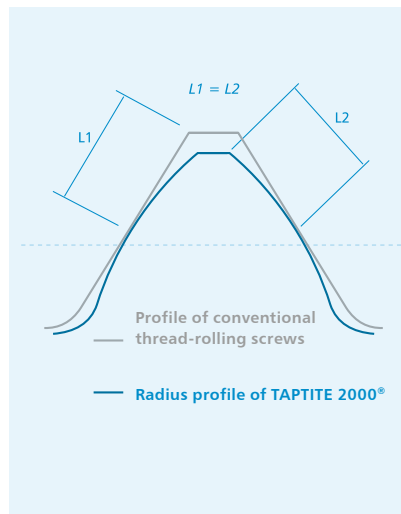
# Thread profile and cross-section ensure better values



The TAPTITE 2000® thread profile is similar to the involute shape of a gearwheel. Together with the triangular (trilobularen™) cross-section geometry of the screw's shaft, it greatly improves the mechanical properties of the screw fastening:

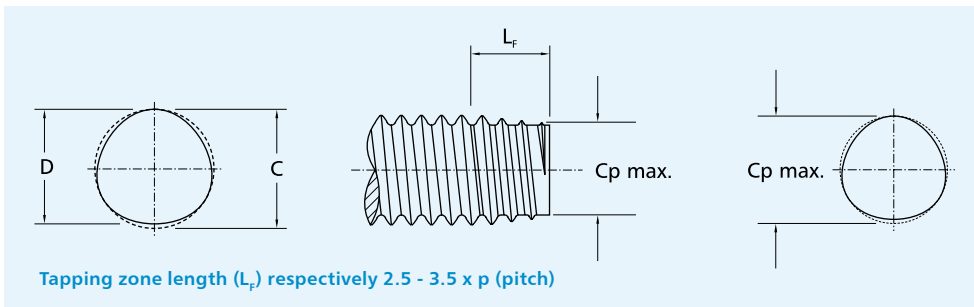
## Tapping torque halved

With the unique radius profile and the triangular cross-section, the TAPTITE 2000®'s driving torque is up to 50% less than that of conventional thread-tapping screws compliant with DIN 267-part 30 and DIN 75000-1.



- ⊕ Less forming effort is required during the thread tapping process and material displacement is lower. The material can flow more easily in the direction of the thread core. The material's grain direction is maintained.
- ⊕ During the strain hardening process, the mechanical values of the material can be increased by around 30%.
- ⊕ chipless thread-forming (no chips are formed as is the case with tapping screws)
- ⊕ lower driving torque
- ⊕ lower clamping force scatter
- ⊕ higher pre-load forces
- ⊕ greater vibration resistance

## The optimised thread geometry of TAPTITE 2000® SPA™



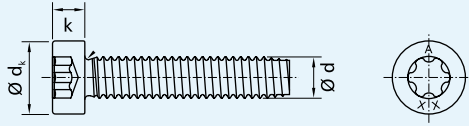
### Thread cut

By optimising the length of the tapping zone ( $L_f$ ) and the permitted  $C_p$ -max. dimension, hole location of the screw can be improved while increasing the number of bearing thread turns.

Nominal thread Ø TAPTITE 2000®	M2.5	M3	M3.5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
Tapping zone length $L_f$ [mm]	1.35	1.50	1.80	2.10	2.40	3.00	3.75	4.50
Tolerance $L_f$ [mm]	±0.225	±0.25	±0.30	±0.35	±0.40	±0.50	±0.625	±0.75
Pitch p [mm]	0.45	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	1.00	1.25	1.50
Circumference C	max. [mm]	2.52	3.02	3.52	4.02	5.02	6.03	10.03
	min. [mm]	2.43	2.93	3.42	3.92	4.91	5.90	9.85
Distance D	max. [mm]	2.46	2.97	3.46	3.93	4.92	5.91	9.84
	min. [mm]	2.37	2.87	3.35	3.83	4.81	5.78	9.66
$C_p$	max. [mm]	2.13	2.58	3.00	3.40	4.31	5.12	6.91

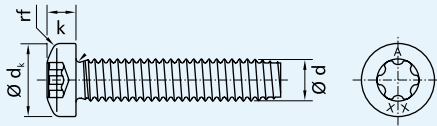
# ARNOLD Factory Standards

## Cylinder-head screw AWN-01-01-01



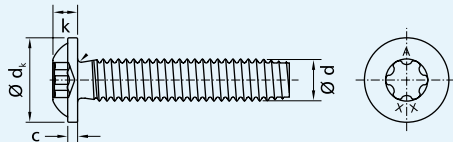
Nominal Ø		M2.5	M3	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
$d_k$		4.50 <sup>-0.18</sup>	5.50 <sup>-0.18</sup>	7.00 <sup>-0.22</sup>	8.50 <sup>-0.22</sup>	10.00 <sup>-0.22</sup>	13.00 <sup>-0.27</sup>	16.00 <sup>-0.27</sup>
$k$		1.85 <sup>-0.14</sup>	2.40 <sup>-0.14</sup>	3.10 <sup>-0.18</sup>	3.65 <sup>-0.18</sup>	4.40 <sup>-0.30</sup>	5.80 <sup>-0.30</sup>	6.90 <sup>-0.36</sup>
TORX®	Size	T8	T10	T20	T25	T30	T45	T50
TORX PLUS AUTOSERT®	Size	IP8	IP10	IP20	IP25	IP30	IP45	IP50

## Flat-head screw AWN-01-01-02



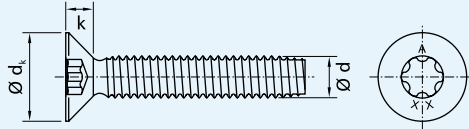
Nominal Ø		M2.5	M3	M3.5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
$d_k$		5.00 <sup>-0.30</sup>	5.60 <sup>-0.30</sup>	7.00 <sup>-0.36</sup>	8.00 <sup>-0.36</sup>	9.50 <sup>-0.36</sup>	12.00 <sup>-0.43</sup>	16.00 <sup>-0.43</sup>	20.00 <sup>-0.52</sup>
$k$		2.10 <sup>-0.14</sup>	2.40 <sup>-0.14</sup>	2.60 <sup>-0.14</sup>	3.10 <sup>-0.18</sup>	3.70 <sup>-0.18</sup>	4.60 <sup>-0.30</sup>	6.00 <sup>-0.30</sup>	7.50 <sup>-0.36</sup>
TORX®	Size	T8	T10	T15	T20	T25	T30	T45	T50
TORX PLUS AUTOSERT®	Size	IP8	IP10	IP15	IP20	IP25	IP30	IP45	IP50

## Saucer-head screw AWN-01-01-03



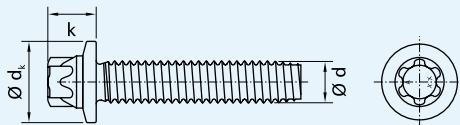
Nominal Ø		M2.5	M3	M3.5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
$d_k$		6.00 <sup>-0.30</sup>	7.50 <sup>-0.58</sup>	9.00 <sup>-0.58</sup>	10.00 <sup>-0.58</sup>	11.50 <sup>-0.70</sup>	14.50 <sup>-0.70</sup>	19.00 <sup>-0.84</sup>	24.00 <sup>-0.84</sup>
$k$		2.40 <sup>-0.25</sup>	2.52 <sup>-0.24</sup>	2.80 <sup>-0.25</sup>	3.25 <sup>-0.30</sup>	3.95 <sup>-0.30</sup>	4.75 <sup>-0.30</sup>	6.15 <sup>-0.30</sup>	7.40 <sup>-0.30</sup>
TORX®	Size	T8	T10	T15	T20	T25	T30	T40	T50
TORX PLUS AUTOSERT®	Size	IP8	IP10	IP15	IP20	IP25	IP30	IP40	IP50

### Countersunk screw AWN-01-01-04



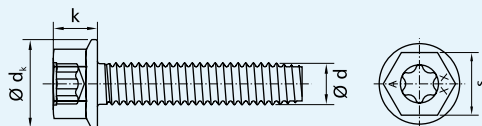
Nominal Ø		M2.5	M3	M3,5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
$d_k$		4.70 <sup>-0.30</sup>	5.50 <sup>-0.30</sup>	7.30 <sup>-0.40</sup>	8.40 <sup>-0.40</sup>	9.30 <sup>-0.40</sup>	11.30 <sup>-0.40</sup>	15.80 <sup>-0.40</sup>	18.30 <sup>-0.50</sup>
k	max.	1.50	1.65	2.35	2.70	2.70	3.30	4.65	5.00
TORX®	Size	T8	T10	T15	T20	T25	T30	T40	T50
TORX PLUS AUTOSERT®	Size	IP8	IP10	IP15	IP20	IP25	IP30	IP40	IP50

### External torx screw AWN-01-01-06



Nominal Ø		M4	M5	M6	M8	M10	M12
$d_k$	max.	7.66	11.80	14.20	17.90	21.80	26.00
k		4.50 <sup>-0.25</sup>	6.50 <sup>-0.25</sup>	7.50 <sup>-0.25</sup>	10.00 <sup>-0.25</sup>	12.00 <sup>-0.25</sup>	14.00 <sup>-0.25</sup>
External-TORX®	Size	E5	E8	E10	E12	E14	E18

### Hex head screw with flange AWN-01-01-07



Nominal Ø		M5	M6	M8	M10
$d_k$		5.40 <sup>-0.10</sup>	6.60 <sup>-3.60</sup>	8.10 <sup>-4.50</sup>	9.20 <sup>-5.20</sup>
k		11.80 <sup>-0.50</sup>	14.20 <sup>-0.50</sup>	17.90 <sup>-0.50</sup>	21.80 <sup>-0.50</sup>
External-TORX®	Size	IP25	IP30	IP45	IP50
s	nominal dimension max.	8	10	13	16
	min.	7.78	9.78	12.73	15.73

## What length screw for which thread Ø?

Nominal thread Ø TAPTITE 2000®	M2.5	M3	M3.5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
Length L (mm)	Standard length range							
3 ± 0.375	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
4 ± 0.375	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
5 ± 0.375	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
6 ± 0.375	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
8 ± 0.45	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
10 ± 0.45	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
12 ± 0.55	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
(14) ± 0.55	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
16 ± 0.55	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
18 ± 0.55	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
20 ± 0.65	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
(22) ± 0.65	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
25 ± 0.65	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
(28) ± 0.65	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
30 ± 0.65	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
35 ± 0.80	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
40 ± 0.80	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
45 ± 0.80	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
50 ± 0.80	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
55 ± 0.95	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
60 ± 0.95	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
70 ± 0.95	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
80 ± 0.95	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■

Intermediate lengths on request.

Lengths in brackets should be avoided as far as possible.

not for countersunk heads ■

# Important values

## Strength classes

- 8.8** for all coloured metals and light metal alloys up to  $R_m = 360$  MPa
- 10.9** for all metals up to  $R_m = 415$  MPa
- E.H.** for steel up to  $R_m \sim 600$  MPa
- 10.9** Corflex® I for steel up to  $R_m \sim 600$  MPa\*

\* 10.9 with inductive hardened tip

## Safety information

All screws with

**$R_m > 1000$  MPa**

are at risk of hydrogen-induced brittle fracture

## Minimum breaking torque

Tightening torques depend on the screw's minimum breaking torques (ISO 898 part 7), on tool stability, core hole diameter,

screw-in depth and friction coefficients. These are determined in laboratory trials.

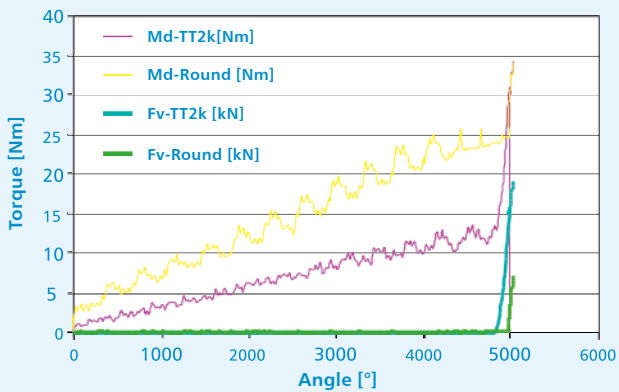
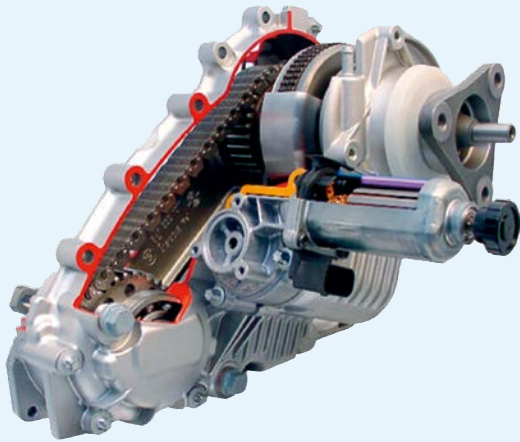
### Minimum breaking torques in Nm (free torsion break)

Nominal thread Ø TAPTITE 2000®	M2.5	M3	M3.5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
Strength class 8.8	0.82	1.50	2.40	3.60	7.60	13.00	33.00	66.00
Strength class 10.9	1.00	1.90	3.00	4.40	8.30	16.00	40.00	81.00
Strength class E.H.	1.00	1.80	2.80	4.10	8.70	15.00	37.00	75.00

## Thread engagement

Nominal thread Ø TAPTITE 2000®	M2.5	M3	M3.5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
Pitch p	0.45	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	1.00	1.25	1.50
Thread engagement 100 %	2.21	2.68	3.11	3.55	4.48	5.35	7.19	9.03
Thread engagement 95 %	2.22	2.69	3.13	3.57	4.51	5.38	7.23	9.07
Thread engagement 90 %	2.24	2.71	3.15	3.59	4.53	5.42	7.27	9.12
Thread engagement 85 %	2.25	2.72	3.17	3.61	4.56	5.45	7.31	9.17
Thread engagement 80 %	2.27	2.74	3.19	3.64	4.58	5.48	7.35	9.22
Thread engagement 75 %	2.28	2.76	3.21	3.66	4.61	5.51	7.39	9.27
Thread engagement 70 %	2.30	2.77	3.23	3.68	4.64	5.55	7.43	9.32
Thread engagement 65 %	2.31	2.79	3.25	3.70	4.66	5.58	7.47	9.37
Thread engagement 60 %	2.32	2.81	3.27	3.73	4.69	5.61	7.51	9.42
Thread engagement 55 %	2.34	2.82	3.29	3.75	4.71	5.64	7.55	9.46
Thread engagement 50 %	2.35	2.84	3.31	3.77	4.74	5.68	7.59	9.51
Thread engagement 45 %	2.37	2.85	3.32	3.80	4.77	5.71	7.63	9.56
Thread engagement 40 %	2.38	2.87	3.34	3.82	4.79	5.74	7.68	9.61
Thread engagement 35 %	2.40	2.89	3.36	3.84	4.82	5.77	7.72	9.66
Thread engagement 30 %	2.41	2.90	3.38	3.86	4.84	5.81	7.76	9.71

## Application in cast aluminium



### Power take-off gears

Screw fastening into precast core holes in aluminium housings made with TAPTITE 2000® M8 – 10.9

### Influence of screw's cross-section on tapping torque and preload force

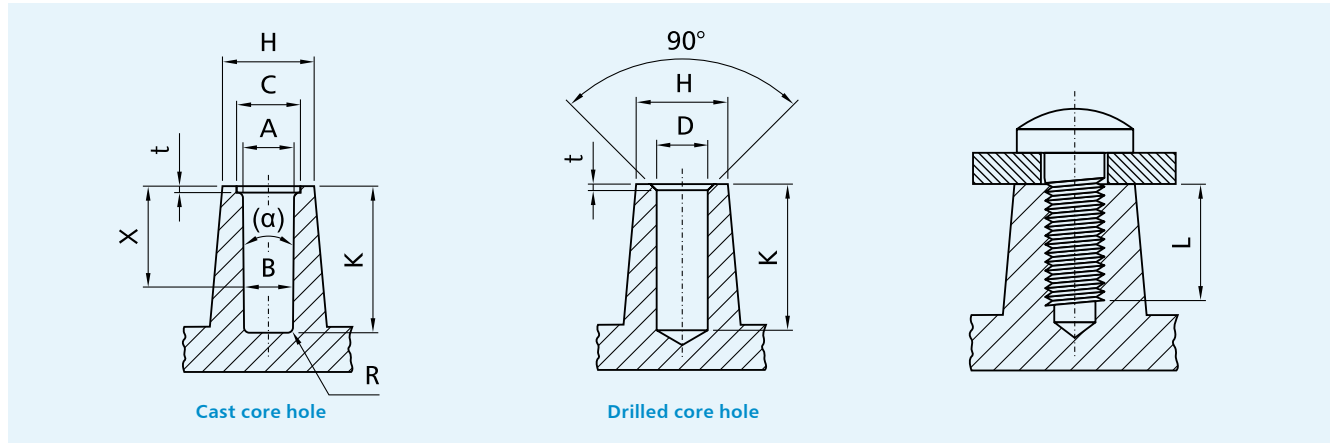
For thread-tapping fastenings in GD- $\text{AlSi9Cu3}$  (Fe) a round screw cross-section generated a tapping torque MF round of 25.7 Nm. Because of the small difference with the tightening torque  $MA = 34$  Nm the preload force  $Fv$ -round amounted to only 7.2 kN. At 19.1 kN TAPTITE 2000® with its trilobular screw geometry, achieved a much higher FV-TT2000 preload force with a tapping torque TT2000 of 13.55 Nm and the same tightening torque.

Consequently the trilobular TAPTITE 2000® SPA™ has an advantage over tapping screws with a round cross-section – Due to the lower tapping torques and little spread, TAPTITE 2000® generates preload forces at a higher level with very much less preload force spread.





Note: The values shown are by way of example parameters. Specific values must always be determined by carrying out trials on original production parts. Our Fastener Testing Centre is always happy to answer any further questions you may have.



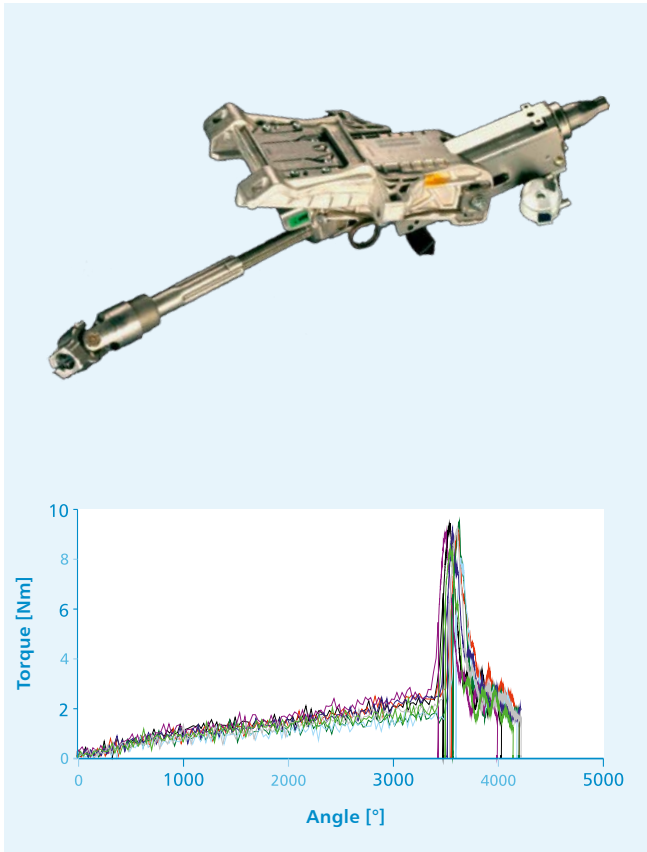
### Recommendations for applications in cast aluminium

#### Cast aluminium core hole

Nominal Ø		M2.5	M3	M3.5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
cast effective screw-in depth = 2 x d	A	2.32 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.80 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.25 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.70 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.69 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.60 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.55 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.48 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	B	2.22 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.69 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.12 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.55 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.48 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.35 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.19 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.03 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	L	6.8	8.0	9.4	10.8	13.2	16.0	21.0	26.0
	K <sub>min</sub>	7.8	9.2	10.6	12.0	14.7	17.5	22.7	27.0
	X	5.45	6.50	7.60	8.70	10.80	13.00	17.25	21.50
cast effective screw-in depth = 1.5 x d	A	2.29 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.78 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.22 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.66 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.64 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.54 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.46 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.37 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	B	2.22 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.69 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.12 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.55 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.48 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.35 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.19 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.03 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	L	5.6	6.5	7.7	8.8	10.7	13.0	17.0	21.0
	K <sub>min</sub>	6.6	7.7	8.9	10.0	12.2	14.5	18.7	22.8
	X	4.20	5.00	5.85	6.70	8.30	10.00	13.25	16.50
cast effective screw-in depth = 1.0 x d	A	2.27 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.75 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.19 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.63 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.59 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.48 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.37 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.26 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	B	2.22 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.69 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.12 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.55 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.48 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.35 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.19 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.03 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	L	4.3	5	5.9	6.08	8.2	10.0	13.0	16.0
	K <sub>min</sub>	5.3	6	6.9	7.8	9.2	11.0	14.0	17.0
	X	2.95	3.50	4.10	4.70	5.80	7.00	9.25	11.50
additional information for cast holes	C	2.7 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.2 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.7 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.3 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.3 <sup>+0.08</sup>	6.3 <sup>+0.08</sup>	8.5 <sup>+0.08</sup>	10.5 <sup>+0.08</sup>
	t	0.55 <sup>-0.2</sup>	0.60 <sup>-0.2</sup>	0.70 <sup>-0.2</sup>	0.80 <sup>-0.2</sup>	0.90 <sup>-0.2</sup>	1.10 <sup>-0.2</sup>	1.30 <sup>-0.2</sup>	1.70 <sup>-0.3</sup>
	R <sub>max</sub>	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7
	H <sub>min</sub>	4.2	5	5.8	6.7	8.3	10.0	13.3	16.6
	~ α [°]	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
Drilled	D <sup>H11</sup>	2.27	2.75	3.20	3.65	4.60	5.50	7.38	9.27

\*) recommended, effective penetration depth into aluminium corresponds to 2 x d.  
(effective penetration depth = penetration depth - length of tapping zone - relief bore depth)

## Application in cast magnesium



### Steering column

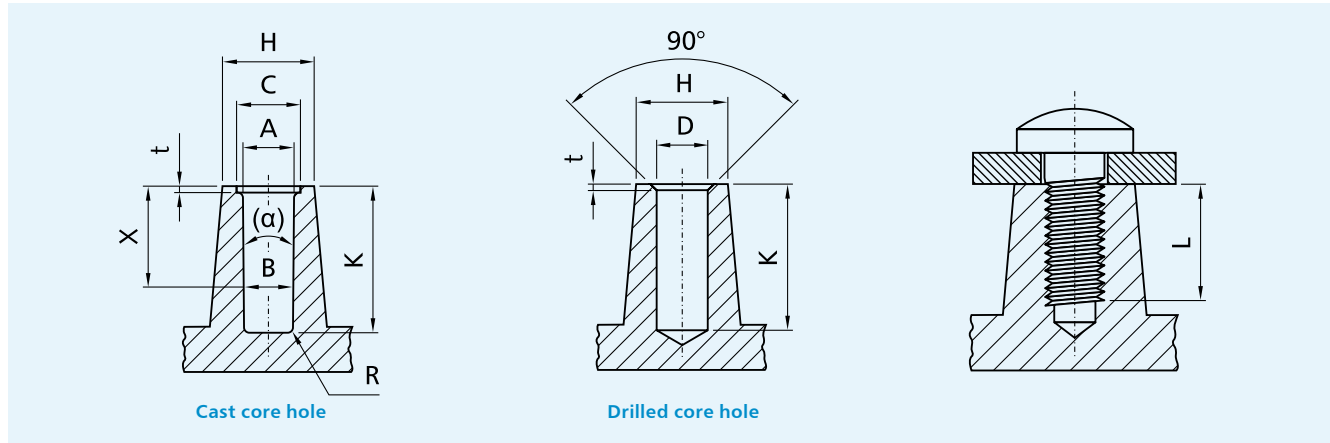
Screw fastening into precast core holes made with TAPTITE 2000® M5.

### Excellent security during screw-in process.

The TAPTITE 2000® M5 fastening into precast core holes in Mg AZ91 pressure cast was made at tapping torques MF < 3 Nm and overturn torque > 9 Nm. A high level of process reliability is achieved for the screw-in process because of the wide gap between tapping torque and overturn torque.



Note: The values shown are by way of example parameters. Specific values must always be determined by carrying out trials on original production parts. Our Fastener Testing Centre is always happy to answer any further questions you may have.



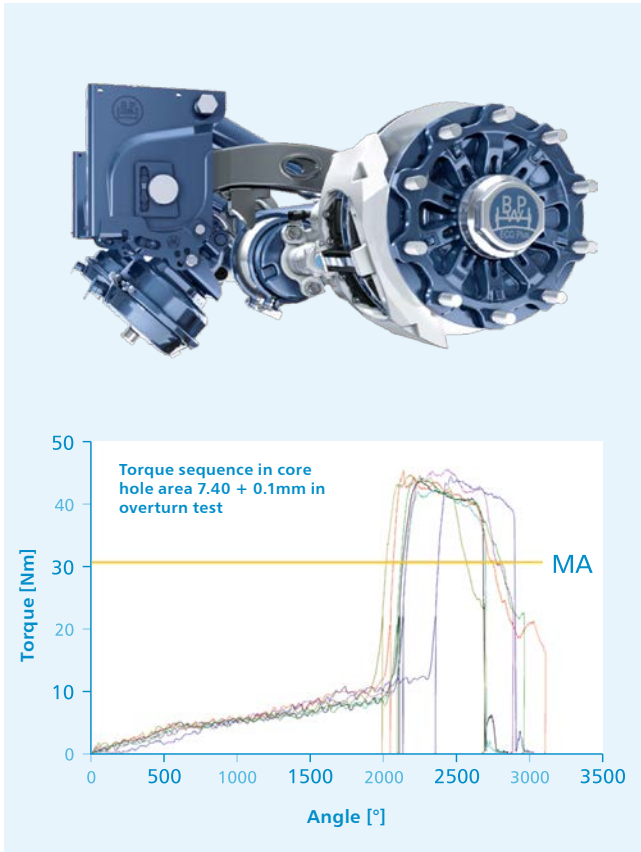
### Installation recommendations for applications in cast magnesium

#### Cast aluminium core hole

Nominal Ø		M2.5	M3	M3.5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
cast effective screw-in depth = 2.5 x d	A	2.31 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.80 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.25 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.73 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.71 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.62 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.60 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.53 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	B	2.20 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.67 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.10 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.54 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.47 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.33 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.17 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.01 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	L	8.05	9.50	11.15	12.80	15.70	19.00	25.00	31.00
	K <sub>min</sub>	9.05	10.70	12.40	14.00	17.20	20.50	26.70	32.80
	X	6.70	8.00	9.35	10.70	13.30	16.00	21.30	26.50
cast effective screw-in depth = 2 x d	A	2.29 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.77 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.22 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.69 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.66 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.56 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.50 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.43 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	B	2.20 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.67 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.10 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.54 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.47 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.33 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.17 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.01 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	L	6.8	8.0	9.4	10.8	13.2	16.0	21.0	26.0
	K <sub>min</sub>	7.8	9.2	10.6	12.0	14.7	17.5	22.7	27.8
	X	5.45	6.50	7.60	8.70	10.80	13.00	17.25	21.50
cast effective screw-in depth = 1.5 x d	A	2.27 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.74 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.19 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.65 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.61 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.50 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.40 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.33 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	B	2.20 <sup>+0.08</sup>	2.67 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.10 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.54 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.47 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.33 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.17 <sup>+0.12</sup>	9.01 <sup>+0.12</sup>
	L	5.55	6.50	7.65	8.80	10.70	13.00	17.00	21.00
	K <sub>min</sub>	6.55	7.50	8.65	9.80	11.70	14.00	18.00	22.00
	X	4.20	5.00	5.85	6.70	8.30	10.00	13.25	16.50
additional EMC requirements Information: for cast holes	C	2.7 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.2 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.7 <sup>+0.08</sup>	4.3 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.3 <sup>+0.08</sup>	6.3 <sup>+0.08</sup>	8.5 <sup>+0.08</sup>	10.5 <sup>+0.08</sup>
	t	0.55 <sup>-0.2</sup>	0.60 <sup>-0.2</sup>	0.70 <sup>-0.2</sup>	0.80 <sup>-0.2</sup>	0.90 <sup>-0.2</sup>	1.10 <sup>-0.2</sup>	1.30 <sup>-0.2</sup>	1.70 <sup>-0.3</sup>
	R <sub>max</sub>	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7
	H <sub>min</sub>	4.2	5.0	5.8	6.7	8.3	10.0	13.3	16.6
	α	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
Drilled	D <sup>H11</sup>	2.25	2.74	3.19	3.64	4.58	5.48	7.35	9.22

\*) recommended, effective penetration depth into aluminium corresponds to 2.5 x d.  
(effective penetration depth = penetration depth - length of tapping zone - relief bore depth)

# Application in solid steel



## ECO Air COMPACT axis with disc brakes.

Screw fastening for ABS sensor made with TAPTITE 2000® M8 10.9 Corflex® I.

## Torque sequence in core hole area 7.40 + 0.1mm in overturn test.

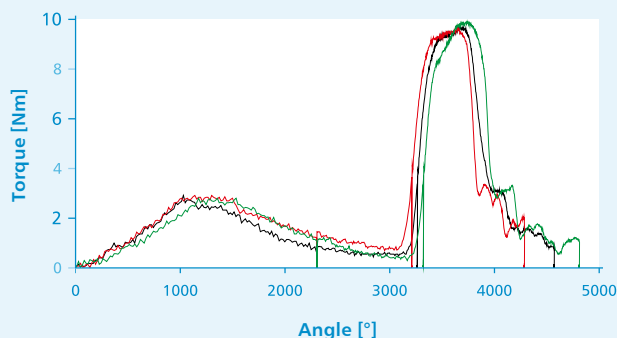
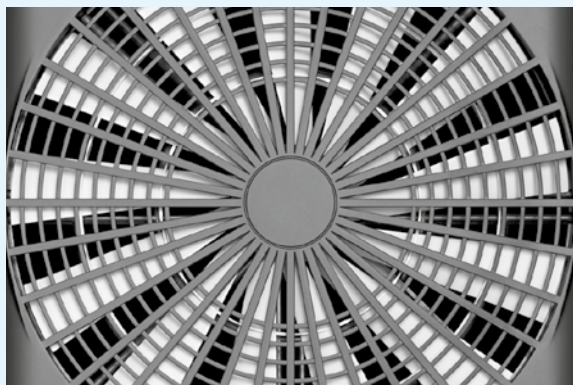
It is possible to make a screw fastening with a typical tightening torque of ~ 30 Nm. Despite the higher strength of the steering knuckle (hardened and tempered to ~ 900 MPa) it is still possible to make a reliable thread-tapping fastening. However additional inductive hardening at the tapping zone is necessary.

### Installation recommendations for applications in solid steel

Effective screw-in depth ET	Thread engagement in %	Nominal Ø [mm]	M2.5	M3	M3.5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
			ET [mm]	Hole	ET [mm]	Hole	ET [mm]	Hole	ET [mm]	Hole
0.3 x d	90 %	ET [mm]	0.5 – 0.9	0.5 – 1.1	0.6 – 1.4	0.8 – 1.4	1.0 – 2.1	1.2 – 2.4	1.6 – 3.1	1.9 – 3.9
		Hole	2.24	2.71	3.15	3.59	4.53	5.42	7.27	9.12
0.5 x d	80 %	ET [mm]	0.9 – 1.5	1.1 – 1.7	1.4 – 2.0	1.4 – 2.4	2.1 – 2.9	2.4 – 3.6	3.1 – 4.9	3.9 – 5.9
		Hole	2.27	2.74	3.19	3.64	4.58	5.48	7.35	9.22
0.75 x d	70 %	ET [mm]	1.5 – 2.1	1.7 – 2.7	2.0 – 2.9	2.4 – 3.3	2.9 – 4.4	3.6 – 4.9	4.9 – 6.9	5.9 – 8.3
		Hole	2.30	2.77	3.23	3.68	4.64	5.55	7.43	9.32
1.0 x d	65 %	ET [mm]	2.1 – 2.7	2.7 – 3.3	2.9 – 3.8	3.3 – 4.4	4.4 – 5.9	4.9 – 6.9	6.9 – 8.9	8.3 – 10.9
		Hole	2.39	2.79	3.25	3.70	4.66	5.58	7.47	9.37
1.20 x d	60 %	ET [mm]	2.7 – 3.5	3.3 – 4.0	3.8 – 4.5	4.4 – 5.5	5.9 – 7.1	6.9 – 8.1	8.9 – 10.9	10.9 – 12.9
		Hole	2.33	2.81	3.27	3.73	4.69	5.61	7.51	9.42

Note: The values shown are by way of example parameters. Specific values must always be determined by carrying out trials on original production parts. Our Fastener Testing Centre is always happy to answer any further questions you may have.

## Application in sheet steel through-holes

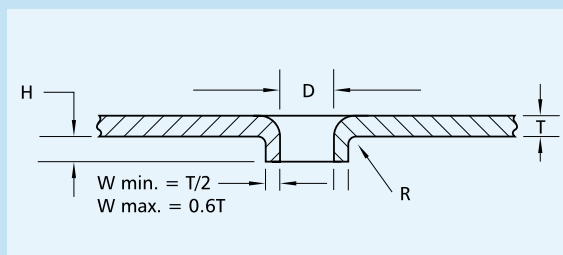


### Industrial fan

Screw fastening for fan modules into through-holes in sheet steel using TAPTITE 2000® M5 I.

### Secure screw fastenings into sheet steel

Low tapping torques and high tightening torques and overturn torques ensure secure processing for the screw fastening. A high level of component security was achieved by using TAPTITE 2000® strength class 10.9.

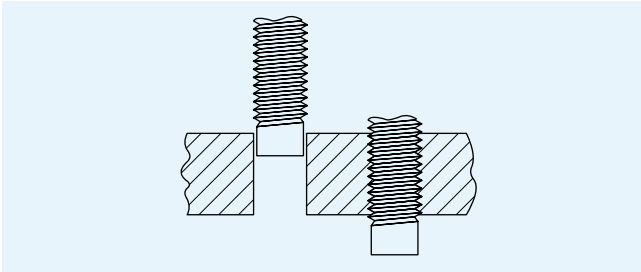


### Installation recommendations for applications in sheet steel through-holes

Sheet thickness (Dimension T)	Nominal Ø	M2.5	M3	M3.5	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10
0.50 – 0.69	Core hole Ø (dimension D)	2.20 <sup>+0.05</sup>	2.68 <sup>+0.05</sup>	3.11 <sup>+0.07</sup>	3.55 <sup>+0.07</sup>	–	–	–	–
0.70 – 1.99	Core hole Ø (dimension D)	2.21 <sup>+0.05</sup>	2.68 <sup>+0.05</sup>	3.11 <sup>+0.07</sup>	3.55 <sup>+0.07</sup>	4.48 <sup>+0.08</sup>	3.35 <sup>+0.10</sup>	–	–
1.00 – 1.49	Core hole Ø (dimension D)	2.22 <sup>+0.05</sup>	2.70 <sup>+0.05</sup>	3.13 <sup>+0.07</sup>	3.56 <sup>+0.07</sup>	4.49 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.37 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.19 <sup>+0.10</sup>	9.03 <sup>+0.10</sup>
1.50 – 2.49	Core hole Ø (dimension D)	–	–	3.13 <sup>+0.07</sup>	3.57 <sup>+0.07</sup>	4.51 <sup>+0.08</sup>	5.38 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.23 <sup>+0.10</sup>	9.07 <sup>+0.10</sup>
2.50 – 3.00	Core hole Ø (dimension D)	–	–	–	–	–	5.38 <sup>+0.10</sup>	7.23 <sup>+0.10</sup>	9.07 <sup>+0.10</sup>

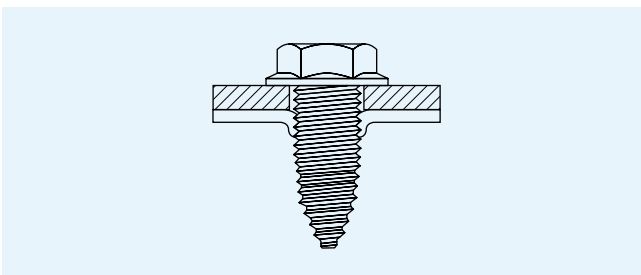
Nominal Ø	Core hole Ø (dimension D)	Sheet thickness (Dimension T)									
		0.6 – 1.0		1.0 – 1.2		1.2 – 2.0		2.0 – 2.5		2.5 – 3.0	
		H	R	H	R	H	R	H	R	H	R
M2.5	2.22 – 2.24	1.00 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.13 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.00 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.13 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.00 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.15 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.10 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>	–	–
M3	2.70 – 2.72	1.20 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.13 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.20 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.13 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.20 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.15 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.30 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.35 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>
M4	3.57 – 3.64	1.35 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.13 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.35 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.13 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.35 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.15 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.50 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.60 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>
M5	4.53 – 4.59	–	–	1.50 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.13 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.55 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.15 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.80 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.90 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>
M6	5.42 – 5.51	–	–	1.80 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.13 <sup>+0.125</sup>	1.80 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.15 <sup>+0.125</sup>	2.30 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>	2.40 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>
M8	7.27 – 7.35	–	–	–	–	2.10 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.15 <sup>+0.125</sup>	2.95 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>	3.20 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>
M10	9.12 – 9.22	–	–	–	–	2.40 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.15 <sup>+0.125</sup>	3.20 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>	3.40 <sup>+1.0</sup>	0.25 <sup>+0.125</sup>

## TAPTITE 2000® with special designs



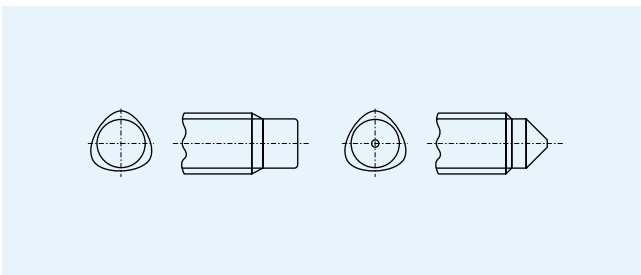
### TAPTITE 2000® Captive Point

- + mechanical securing device
- + pin < core hole diameter
- + cannot detach after tapping



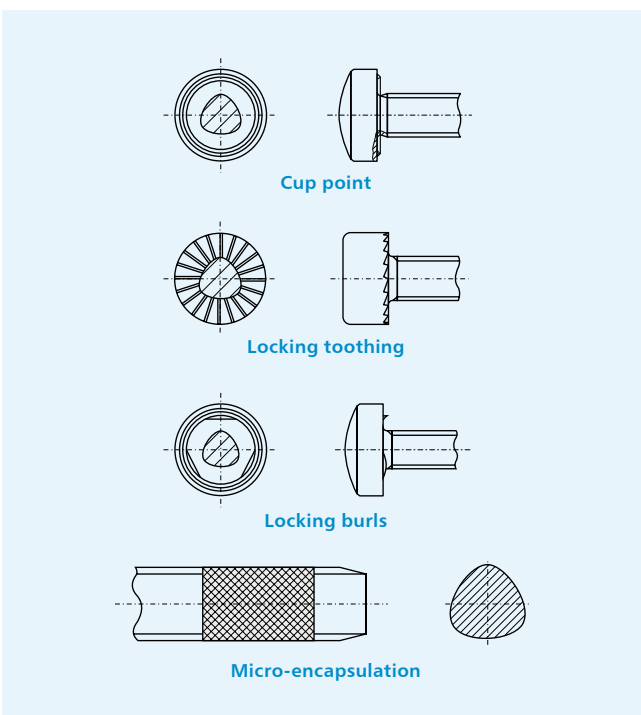
### TAPTITE 2000® CA tip/Extrude-Tite®

- + for fastening thin sheets
- + forms a metal through-hole



### TAPTITE 2000® Assembly aids

- + can generally be dispensed with due to the conical section
- + can be supplied if needed



### TAPTITE 2000® anti-theft devices

- + can generally be dispensed with
- + the triangular (trilobulare™) shape of TAPTITE creates its own safety lock
- + if required, mechanical or chemical locking devices can be applied





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Wherever customers need us.

## The ARNOLD GROUP

With a foundation of many years of expertise in the production of intelligent fastening systems and very complex extruded parts, the ARNOLD GROUP has developed over a number of years into a comprehensive supplier and development partner for complex fastening systems. With our new positioning of "BlueFastening Systems" this development process will now continue under a united and harmonised structure. Engineering, fastenings, and functional parts, together with feeder processing systems, all from a single source – efficient, sustained and international.



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